



WINDHILL PRIMARY SCHOOL

FLYING HIGH FOR EXCELLENCE

PSHE Policy

(including Relationships and Health Education statutory from September 2020, and our position on Sex Education)



Person responsible for policy:	Donna Howard
Approved by:	Lynn Mathers
Role:	Chair of Governors
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Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

Policy Aims and Objectives

At Windhill Primary School, PSHE reflects the schools vision and values which demonstrate and teach the skills, knowledge and understanding pupils need to lead confident, healthy lives to become informed, active and responsible citizens. PSHE is taught in the context of relationships and promotes self-esteem and emotional health and wellbeing to help children form healthy meaningful relationships, based on respect for themselves and for others.

We believe that PSHE must include information about physical, moral and emotional development and the school will ensure that pupils are given information appropriate to their age and stage of development.

Windhill Primary School believes in working in partnership with parents and carers and understands the importance of sharing our PSHE programme with families so that they are able to support their children's physical, moral, mental wellbeing and emotional development at home.

PSHE

At Windhill Primary School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education (PSHE) as a whole-school approach to underpin children's development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

Our PSHE curriculum is based upon the Jigsaw Programme which offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work which brings consistency and progression to our children's learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our children.

Statutory Relationships and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships Education compulsory for all pupils receiving primary education...They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education(PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools."

DfE Guidance p.8

“Today’s children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.”

“This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England...as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools.”

“In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy.”

“These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others’ wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society.”

Secretary of State Foreword DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5

“Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons.”

DfE Guidance p.8

“All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships Education and RSE.”

DfE Guidance p.11

Here, at Windhill Primary School we value PSHE as one way to support children’s development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw to guide our chosen teaching and learning programme (along with supported guidance from the Local Authority) and tailor it to your children’s needs. The mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education, shows exactly how Jigsaw and therefore our school, meets the statutory Relationships and Health Education requirements.

This programme’s complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up to date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#) (statutory guidance)
- [Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool](#) (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)
- [Behaviour and Discipline in Schools](#) (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- [Equality Act 2010 and schools](#)
- [SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years](#) (statutory guidance)
- [Alternative Provision](#) (statutory guidance)
- [Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools](#) (advice for schools)
- [Preventing and Tackling Bullying](#) (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- [Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools](#) (advice for schools)
- [The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance](#) (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- [Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools](#) (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC))
- [SMSC requirements for independent schools](#) (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE.

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

Whole-school approach

Jigsaw covers all areas of PSHE for the primary phase including statutory Relationships and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society

Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of coping positively with change

At Windhill School class teachers and/or HLTAs deliver the lessons. We teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way. Each half term the themes are reinforced through a range of whole school assemblies. To enhance the PSHE curriculum, the school invites visiting speakers from the community, e.g. health promotion specialists, school/family planning nurses, community police and fire officers. Their input is carefully planned and monitored to fit into and complement the curriculum. Teachers/HLTAs are always present during sessions delivered by visiting speakers and the school remain responsible for the delivery of the PSHE curriculum.

Relationships Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Relationships Education in primary schools will cover 'Families and people who care for me', 'Caring friendships', 'Respectful relationships', 'Online relationships', and 'Being safe'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. the Celebrating Difference Puzzle helps children appreciate that there are many types of family composition and that each is important to the children involved. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect children to know by the time they leave primary school?

Health Education in primary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', 'Physical health and fitness', 'Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document: Jigsaw 3-11 and Statutory Relationships and Health Education.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through the Calm me time, social skills are grown every lesson through the Connect us activity and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Also, teaching children about puberty is now a statutory requirement which sits within the Health Education part of the DfE guidance within the 'Changing adolescent body' strand, and in Jigsaw this is taught as part of the Changing Me Puzzle (unit).

Again, the mapping document transparently shows how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.23) recommends that all primary schools 'have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils.

However, 'Sex Education is not compulsory in primary schools'. (p. 23)

Schools are to determine the content of sex education at primary school. Sex education 'should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings and – drawing on knowledge of the human life cycle set out in the national curriculum for science - how a baby is conceived and born'.

At Windhill Primary School, we believe children should understand the facts about human reproduction before they leave primary school so we teach this separately to girls and boys, following the Jigsaw guidance as part of the Summer 2 unit Changing Me (See appendix for further details).

Parents' right to request their child be excused from Sex Education

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory Relationships and Sex Education" DfE Guidance p.17

At Windhill Primary School, puberty is taught as a statutory requirement of Health Education and covered by our Jigsaw PSHE Programme in the 'Changing Me' Puzzle (unit). We conclude that sex education refers to Human Reproduction, and therefore inform parents of their right to request their child be withdrawn from the PSHE lessons that explicitly teach this i.e. the Jigsaw Changing Me Puzzle (unit) e.g.

Year 4, Lesson 2 (Having a baby)

Year 5, Lesson 4 (Conception)

Year 6, Lesson 4 (Conception, birth)

The school will inform parents of this right by a letter sent home during Summer Term, prior to the Changing Me unit being taught. A Parents' meeting will also be held in Summer Term, where parents

will be shown the Jigsaw RSHE presentation, explaining our statutory and non-statutory content of the PSHE lesson.

We are of course happy to discuss the content of the curriculum and invite you to contact Mr Hedar or Mrs Neesome.

How is RSE delivered through other areas of the curriculum?

Accompanying the PSHE curriculum, RSE is taught explicitly through the following subjects: Science, Religious Education, Physical Education and Computing. Further detail of how RSE is delivered in these areas of the curriculum can be found in the curriculum schemes of work.

Roles and Responsibilities

The governing board

The governing board will approve the PSHE policy, and hold the Head Teacher to account for its implementation.

The Head Teacher

The Head Teacher is responsible for ensuring that PSHE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of PSHE

Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering PSHE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to PSHE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non statutory/non-science components of RSE Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching PSHE.

Staff who have concerns about teaching PSHE are encouraged to discuss this with the Head Teacher.

Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in PSHE and, when discussing issues related to PSHE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

Questions Raised by Pupils

Establishing a safe, open and positive learning environment, built on trusting relationships between all members of the class community is vital to successful and effective teaching and learning within this subject. A set of ground rules is established prior to the unit of work

so that both teachers and pupils are working within a safe environment where they will not feel embarrassed or anxious during discussions.

Questions raised by children should be answered honestly and with a degree of detail appropriate to the child's age and stage of development. Teachers will use their professional skill and discretion before answering questions and if necessary will deal with questions on an individual basis after the lesson. Where pupils' questions require a response that goes beyond the prescribed programme of study for the year group, they are encouraged to ask the question at home. Where appropriate, teachers will discuss a child's concerns with the child's parents.

Teachers are aware that effective PSHE, which brings an understanding of what is and is not acceptable in a relationship, can lead to the disclosure of a safeguarding issue. The usual standards of confidentiality between child and teacher will be observed, except where a child's question might suggest the possibility of abuse. In these circumstances, the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL): Mrs Julia Neesome, or the Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads, Mrs Donna Howard or Mrs Angela Grayson, should be informed. If the DSL/ DDSLs are not able to be contacted, a member of the Senior Leadership Team should be consulted. No adult should ever promise confidentiality to a child, as per the school's Safeguarding Policy.

Review, Assessment and Evaluation

Monitoring of the PSHE Policy is the responsibility of the Head Teacher, Governors and PSHE leader. The school will assess the effectiveness of the aims, content and methods in promoting students' learning by lesson observation, sampling teachers' planning and feedback from parents. The effectiveness of the PSHE programme will be evaluated by assessing children's learning and implementing change if required.

This policy document is available to view on the school web site. Links with other Policies Due to the nature of the subject, this policy should be read and implemented in conjunction with other policies.

Equality

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Plan.

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p. 15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics..."

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBTQ+ (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Questioning+), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At Windhill Primary School we promote respect for all and value every individual child. We also respect the right of our children, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise,

and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of Relationships, Health and Sex Education.

For further explanation as to how we approach LGBT relationships in the PSHE (RSHE) Programme please see:

'Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?'

Jigsaw PSHE documents needed to explain this policy:

- Jigsaw 3-11 and statutory Relationships and Health Education (mapping document)
- Including and valuing all children. What does Jigsaw teach about LGBTQ relationships?

APPENDIX 1

Relationships Education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance 2019

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults.

The guidance states that, by the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know...	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Families and people who care for me	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. • the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. • that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. • that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. • that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong (Marriage in England and Wales is available to both opposite sex and same sex couples. The Marriage (Same Sex Couples) Act 2013 extended marriage to same sex couples in England and Wales. The ceremony through which a couple get married may be civil or religious). • how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. • about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help. • what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. • the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference • Being Me in My World
Online relationships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous. • the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them. • how to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. • how information and data is shared and used online. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference
Being safe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). • about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. • that each person’s body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact. • how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. • how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. • how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard, • how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. • where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference

Physical health and mental well-being education in Primary schools – DfE Guidance

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing. Teachers should be clear that mental well-being is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.

By the end of primary school:

	Pupils should know	How Jigsaw provides the solution
Mental wellbeing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. • that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. • how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. • how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. • the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental well-being and happiness. • simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. • isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support. • that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental well-being. • where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental well-being or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthy Me • Relationships • Changing Me • Celebrating Difference

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough. 	
Internet safety and harms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits. • about the benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing. • how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and knowhow to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private. • why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. • that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health. • how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted. • where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relationships • Healthy Me
Physical health and fitness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle. • the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example, walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise. • the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity). • how and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthy Me
Healthy eating	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content). • the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthy Me

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health). 	
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer. the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. the facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Healthy Me
Basic first aid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary. concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Healthy Me
Changing adolescent body	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes. about menstrual wellbeing including the key facts about the menstrual cycle. 	<p>All of these aspects are covered in lessons within the Puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changing Me Healthy Me

APPENDIX 2

Changing Me Units of work

Year 1

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. Life cycles	I am starting to understand the life cycles of animals and humans	I understand that changes happen as we grow and that this is OK
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Changing Me	I can tell you some things about me that have changed and some things about me that have stayed the same	I know that changes are OK and that sometimes they will happen whether I want them to or not
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. My Changing Body	I can tell you how my body has changed since I was a baby	I understand that growing up is natural and that everybody grows at different rates
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Boys' and Girls' Bodies	I can identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and can use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina, vulva, anus	I respect my body and understand which parts are private
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Learning and Growing Puzzle Outcome: Piece 5 Flowers	I understand that every time I learn something new I change a little bit	I enjoy learning new things
Are looking forward to change	6. Coping with Changes Assessment Opportunity ★	I can tell you about changes that have happened in my life	I know some ways to cope with changes

Year 2

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. Life Cycles in Nature	I can recognise cycles of life in nature	I understand there are some changes that are outside my control and can recognise how I feel about this
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Growing from Young to Old	I can tell you about the natural process of growing from young to old and understand that this is not in my control	I can identify people I respect who are older than me
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. The Changing Me	I can recognise how my body has changed since I was a baby and where I am on the continuum from young to old	I feel proud about becoming more independent
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Boys' and Girls' Bodies	I can recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, anus, testicles, vagina, vulva) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private	I can tell you what I like/don't like about being a boy/girl
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Assertiveness	I understand there are different types of touch and can tell you which ones I like and don't like	I am confident to say what I like and don't like and can ask for help
Are looking forward to change	6. Looking Ahead Assessment Opportunity ★	I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class	I can start to think about changes I will make when I am in Year 3 and know how to go about this

Year 3

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. How Babies Grow	I understand that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up, and that usually it is the female who has the baby	I can express how I feel when I see babies or baby animals
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Babies	I understand how babies grow and develop in the mother's uterus I understand what a baby needs to live and grow	I can express how I might feel if I had a new baby in my family
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. Outside Body Changes	I understand that boys' and girls' bodies need to change so that when they grow up their bodies can make babies I can identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the outside during this growing up process	I recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with those feelings
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Inside Body Changes	I can identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and can tell you why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up	I recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with these feelings
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Family Stereotypes	I can start to recognise stereotypical ideas I might have about parenting and family roles	I can express how I feel when my ideas are challenged and might be willing to change my ideas sometimes
Are looking forward to change	6. Looking Ahead Assessment Opportunity ★ Puzzle Outcome: Ribbon Mobiles	identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class	start to think about changes I will make next year and know how to go about this

Year 4

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. Unique Me	I understand that some of my personal characteristics have come from my birth parents and that this happens because I am made from the joining of their egg and sperm	I appreciate that I am a truly unique human being
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Having a Baby	I can correctly label the internal and external parts of male and female bodies that are necessary for making a baby	I understand that having a baby is a personal choice and can express how I feel about having children when I am an adult
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. Girls and Puberty	I can describe how a girl's body changes in order for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation (having periods) is a natural part of this	I have strategies to help me cope with the physical and emotional changes I will experience during puberty
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Circles of Change Puzzle Outcome: Circles of Change	I know how the circle of change works and can apply it to changes I want to make in my life	I am confident enough to try to make changes when I think they will benefit me
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Accepting Change	I can identify changes that have been and may continue to be outside of my control that I learnt to accept	I can express my fears and concerns about changes that are outside of my control and know how to manage these feelings positively
Are looking forward to change	6. Looking Ahead Assessment Opportunity ★	I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to a new class	I can reflect on the changes I would like to make next year and can describe how to go about this

Year 5

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. Self and Body Image	I am aware of my own self-image and how my body image fits into that	I know how to develop my own self esteem
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Puberty for Girls	I can explain how a girl's body changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after yourself physically and emotionally	I understand that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be ok for me
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. Puberty for boys	I can describe how boys' and girls' bodies change during puberty	I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Conception	I understand that sexual intercourse can lead to conception and that is how babies are usually made I also understand that sometimes people need IVF to help them have a baby	I appreciate how amazing it is that human bodies can reproduce in these ways
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Looking Ahead 1 Puzzle Outcome: Change Cards	I can identify what I am looking forward to about becoming a teenager and understand this brings growing responsibilities (age of consent)	I am confident that I can cope with the changes that growing up will bring
Are looking forward to change	6. Looking Ahead 2	I can identify what I am looking forward to when I move to my next class.	I can start to think about changes I will make next year and know how to go about this.

Year 6

Weekly Celebration	Pieces	PSHE learning intention	Social and emotional development learning intention
Understand that everyone is unique and special	1. My Self Image	I am aware of my own self-image and how my body image fits into that	I know how to develop my own self esteem
Can express how they feel when change happens	2. Puberty	I can explain how girls' and boys' bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after yourself physically and emotionally	I can express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty
Understand and respect the changes that they see in themselves	3. Babies: Conception to Birth Assessment Opportunity ★	I can describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born	I can recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby
Understand and respect the changes that they see in other people	4. Boyfriends and Girlfriends	I understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship and what that might mean about having a girlfriend/boyfriend	I understand that respect for one another is essential in a boyfriend/girlfriend relationship, and that I should not feel pressured into doing something I don't want to
Know who to ask for help if they are worried about change	5. Real self and ideal self	I am aware of the importance of a positive self-esteem and what I can do to develop it	I can express how I feel about my self-image and know how to challenge negative 'body-talk'
Are looking forward to change	6. The Year Ahead	I can identify what I am looking forward to and what worries me about the transition to secondary school /or moving to my next class.	I know know how to prepare myself emotionally for the changes next year.